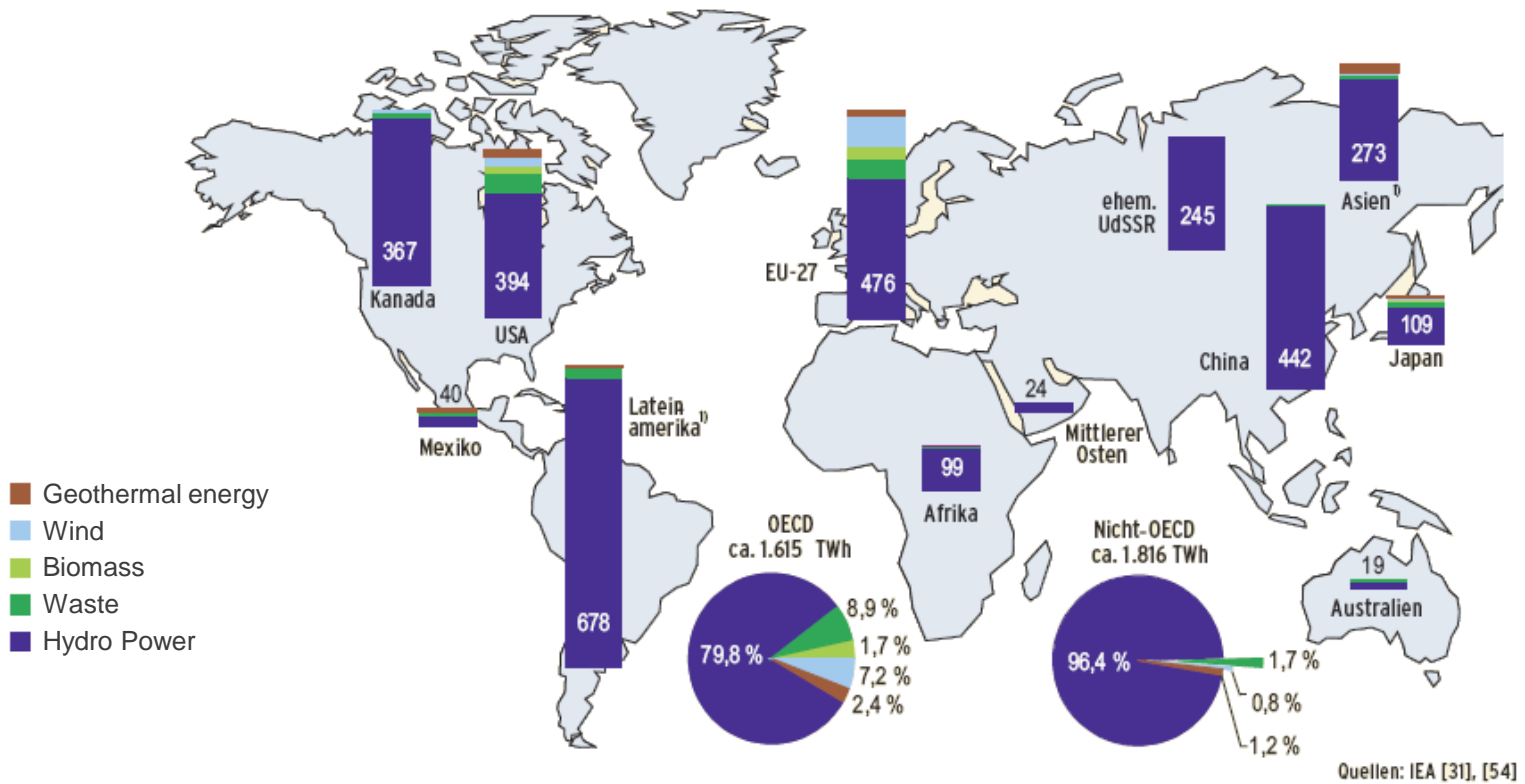


Renewable Energy from Small Hydro Power

Vienna, 2011-11-03

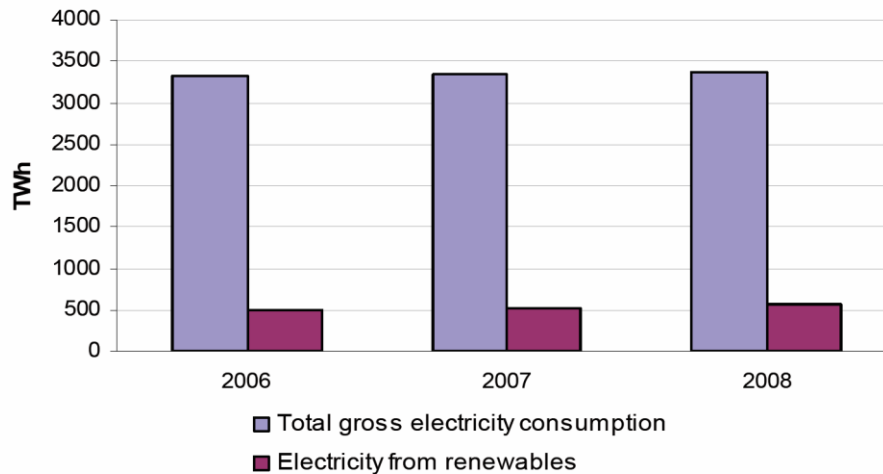


Worldwide overview of renewable energy production



Source: IEA 2006

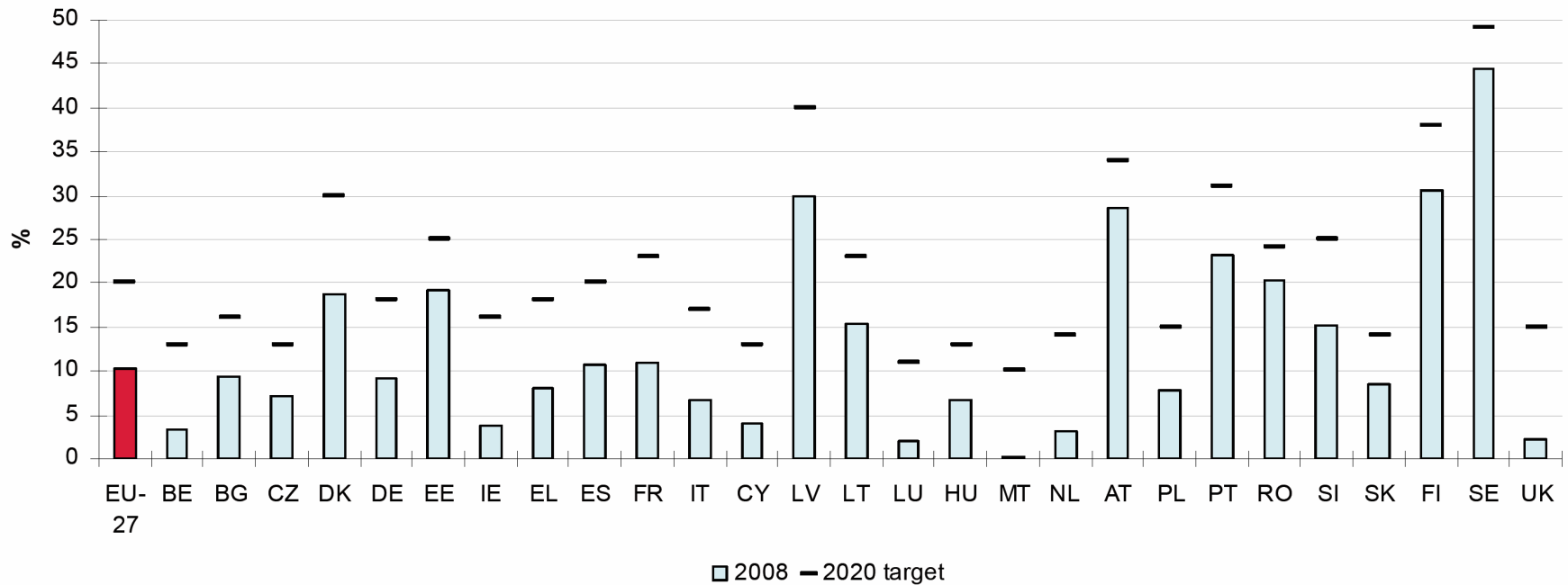
Electrical energy consumption and production from renewable energy sources



Source: Eurostat Statistics in focus 56/2010

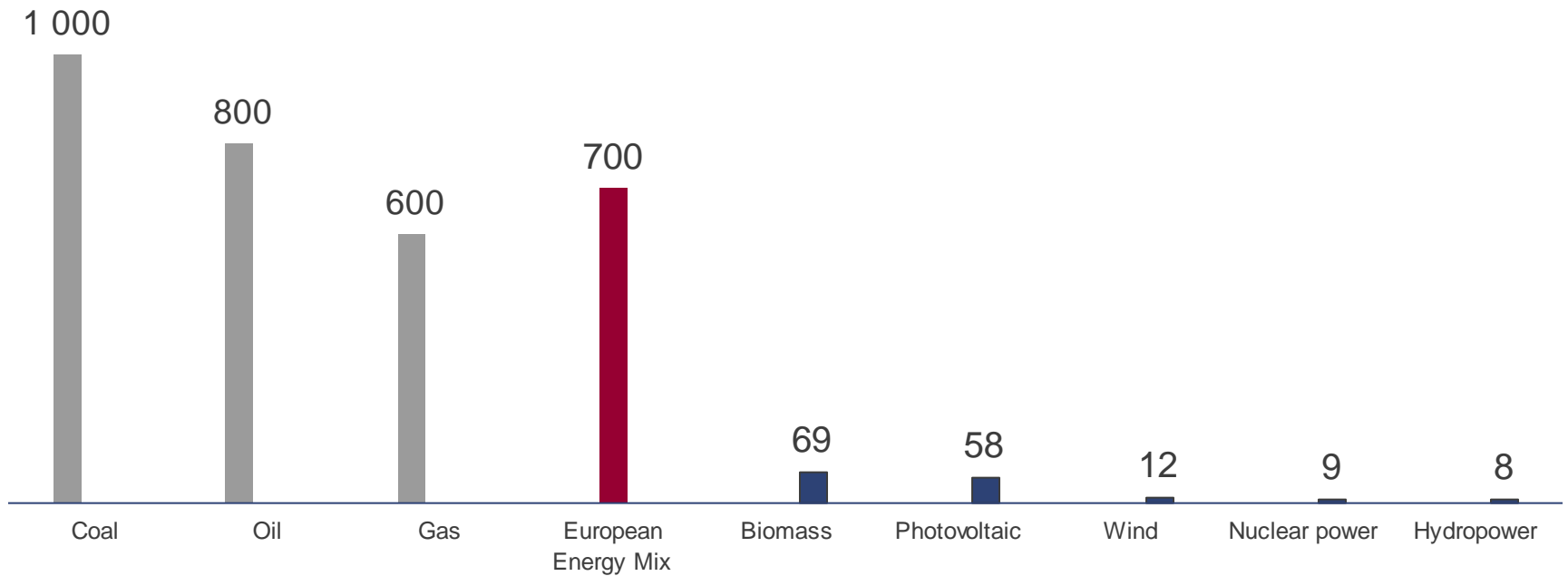
- approximately 17 % of electrical energy consumption produced by renewables
- 60 % Hydropower
 - ~ 12 % from Small Hydro
- 21 % Wind
- 17 % Biomass
- 1 % Photovoltaic
- 1 % Geothermal

20-20-20 targets of EU status 2008



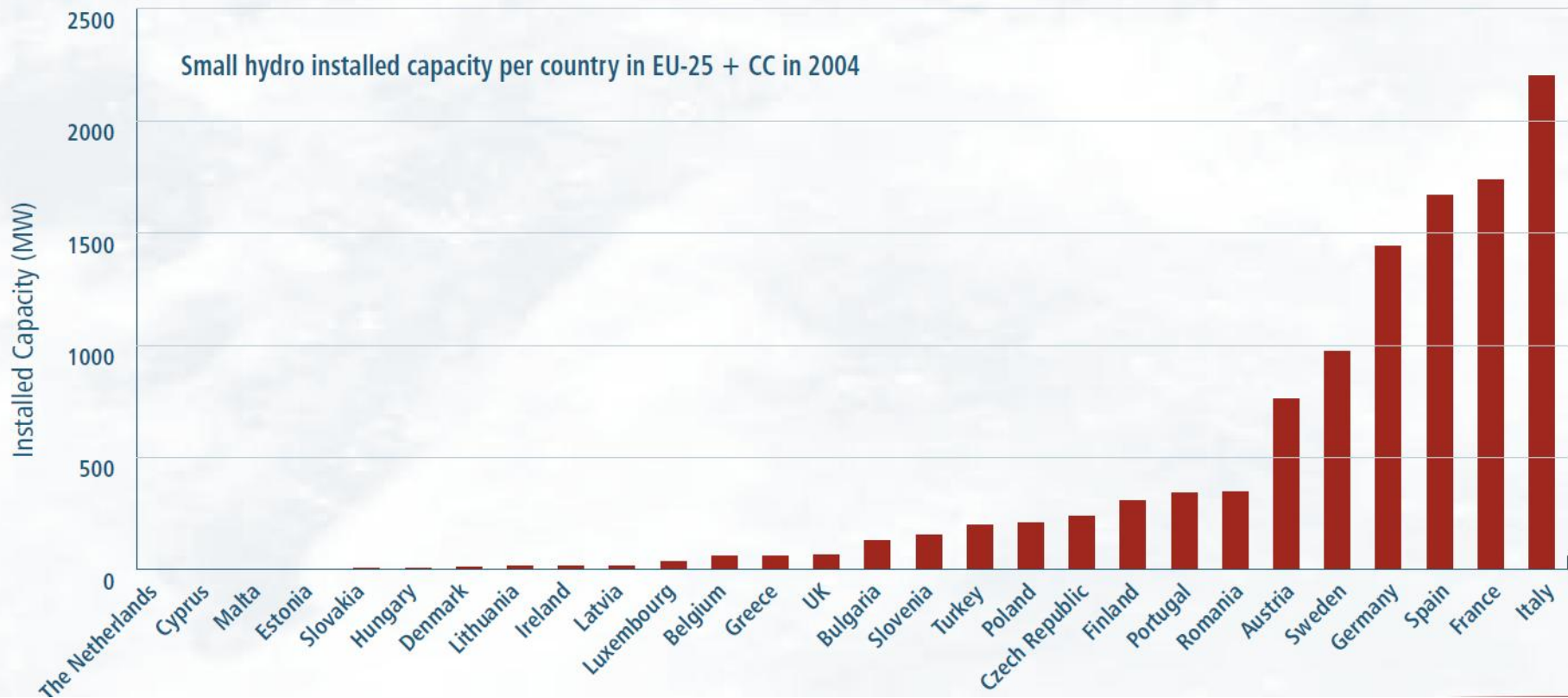
Source: Eurostat Statistics in focus 56/2010

g CO₂ emission per produced kWh over whole lifecycle of different energy sources



Source: Weisser, D. (2007). A guide to life-cycle greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from electric supply technologies. Energy 32 (9), 1543-1559 (modified). 10

Installed Small Hydro capacities in EU



Source: ESHA State of the art of Small Hydropower in EU

EU Small Hydro potential economically feasible and ecologically acceptable

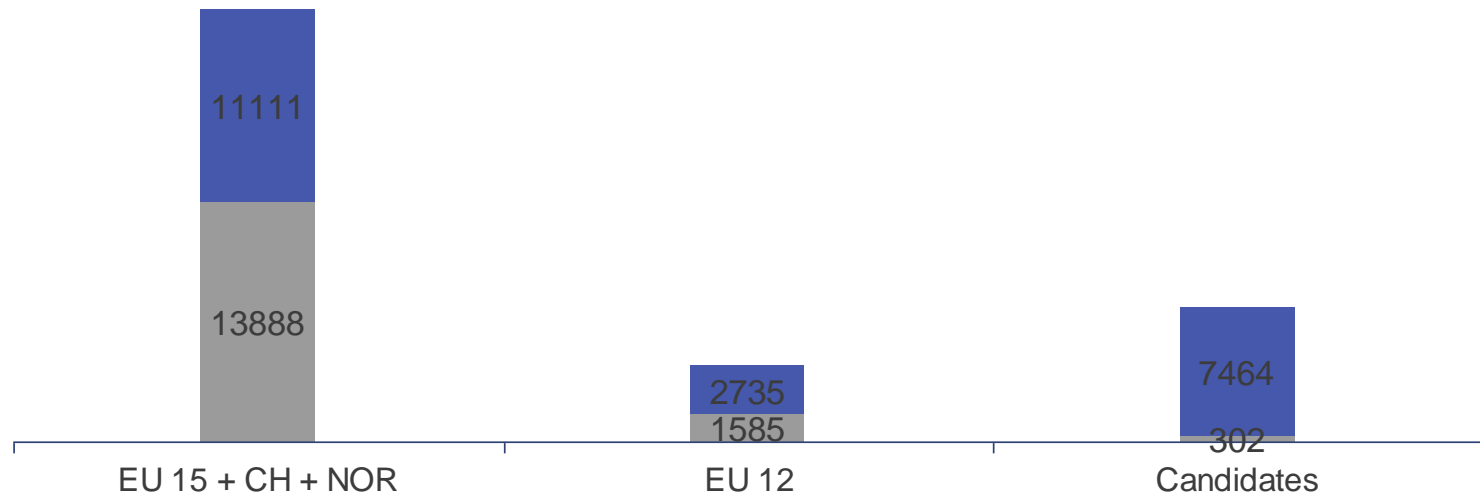
Installed output: ~ 15.800 MW

Potential: ~ 21.300 MW

Potential of energy production: ~ 110 TWh / a

CO₂ equivalent: ~ 77 Mio T / a

CO₂ certificate cost equivalent : ~ 1,15 Mrd. € / a



EU Small Hydro potential economically feasible and ecologically acceptable

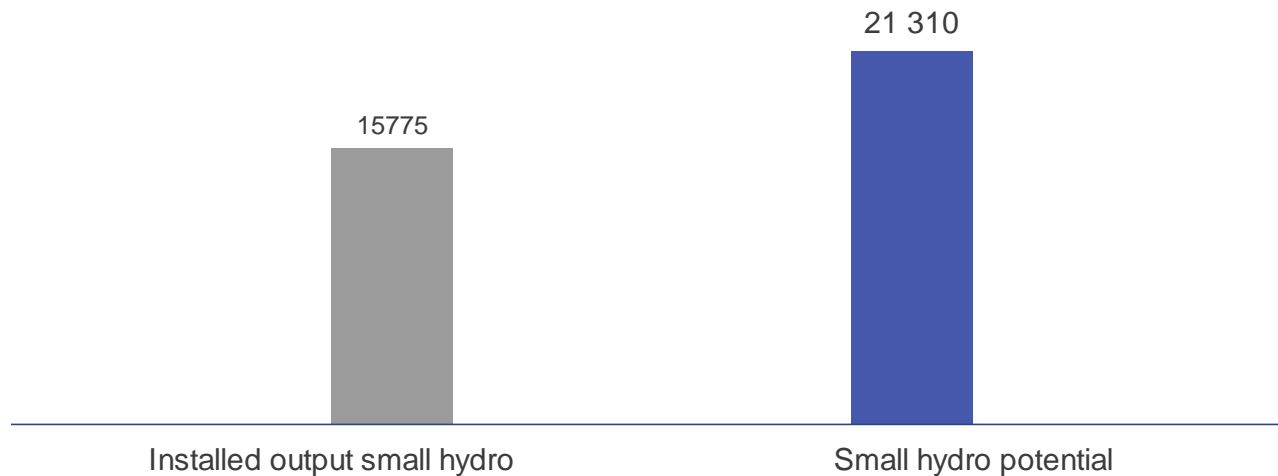
Total output: ~ 15.800 MW

Ecologically and economically acceptable potential: ~ 21.300 MW

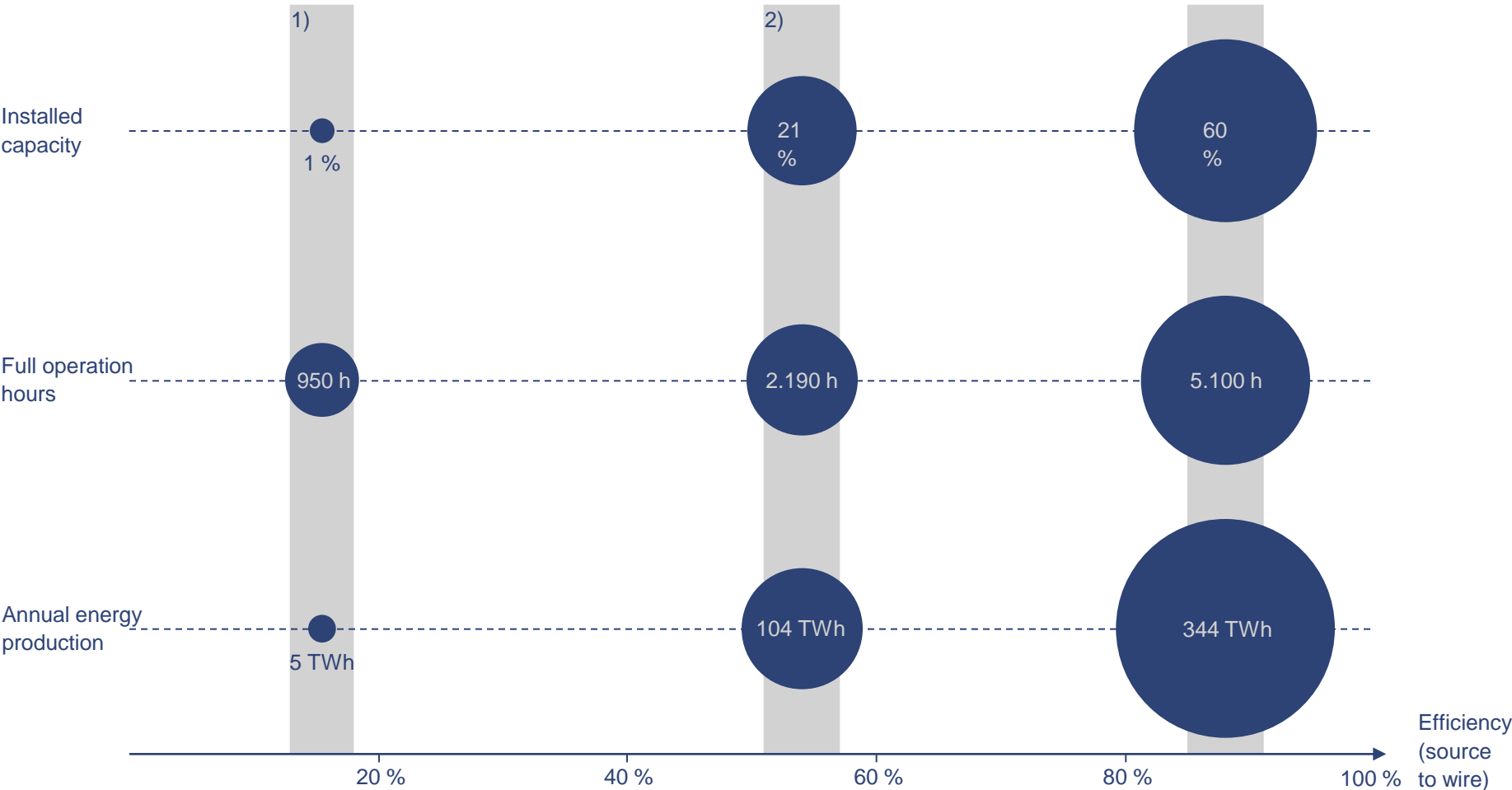
Potential of energy production: ~ 110 TWh / a

CO₂ equivalent: ~ 77 Mio T / a

CO₂ certificate cost equivalent : ~ 1,15 Mrd. € / a



Comparison of different renewable energy sources within EU 27



Source: 1) Photovoltaik Austria, 2) Energie CH AG

Installed Small Hydro Power in Austria



Number of installed power plants: 4.000 – 5.000

Total capacity: 1.161 MW

Energy production: 5,5 TWh (\equiv 10 % of Hydropower production)

CO₂ reduction equivalent: 3,8 Mio. t

Potential new: 1,5 TWh

Potential MOD: 1,0 TWh

(Remark: all figures approximately)

Typical operation range Francis turbines

Head: 3 m – 200 m

Flow: 1 m³/s – 50 m³/s

Operation range: 50 % - 100 % nominal flow

Best efficiencies: 91 % - 94 %

(Run of rivers, channels, reservoirs, penstocks, closed circuits, drinking water, isolated net)



Typical operation range Pelton turbines

Head: 80 m – 1500 m

Flow: 0,5 m³/s – 5 m³/s

Operation range: 15 % - 100 % nominal flow

Best efficiencies: 89 % - 91 %

(Reservoirs, high head, penstocks, drinking water, isolated net)



Typical operation range Kaplan turbines

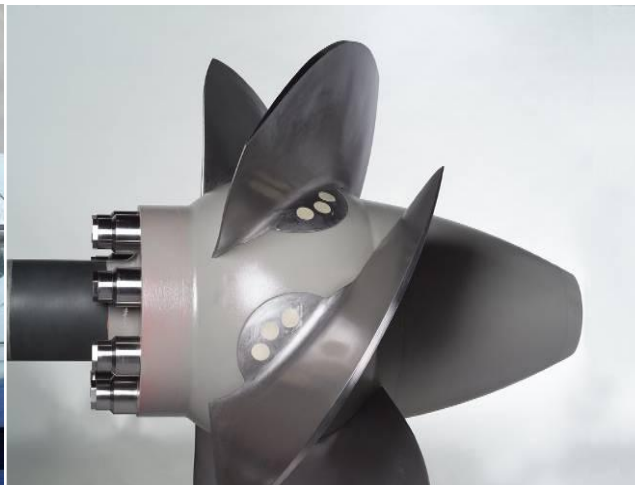
Head: 2,0 m – 30 m

Flow: 5 m³/s – 100 m³/s

Flow operation range: 25 % - 100 %

Best efficiencies: 90 % - 93 %

(Run of rivers, channels, residual water dotation, environmental units, irrigation purposes)



Sustainable solutions: Praterkraftwerk – Munich



- Located in the heart of the city
- Completely submerged power plant
- Generator integrated in bulb
- Owner: Green City Energy
- Small hydro power plant is part of Munich's green energy initiative

Sustainable solutions: Praterkraftwerk – Munich

Year of construction: 2010

Annual energy production: 11 GWh

$H = 8,07 \text{ m}$

$n = 210 \text{ min}^{-1}$

$P = 2502 \text{ kW}$



Sustainable solutions: Alpbach – Switzerland



- Located in world heritage Swiss Alps
- Power house fits perfectly in the surrounding
- Very low noise emission because of special nozzle design and water cooled generator
- Sophisticated engineering could reduce power house area by 20 %

Sustainable solutions: Alpbach – Switzerland

Year of construction: 2009

Annual energy production: 11 GWh

$H = 304,8 \text{ m}$

$n = 1000 \text{ min}^{-1}$

$P = 2573 \text{ kW}$



Sustainable solutions: Hollersbach



Source: Salzburg AG

- Removed from the center of Hollersbach to an uninhabited area
- Power output increased from 1.320 kW to 5.200 kW
- Annual energy production increased from 7,5 Mio. kWh to 19 Mio. kWh
- Ecological balancing measures
- One of the first power plants built after the Second World War

Sustainable solutions: Hollersbach

Year of construction: 2010

Annual energy production: 19 GWh

$H = 78,07 \text{ m}$

$n = 600 \text{ min}^{-1}$

$P = 5309 \text{ kW}$



Who is Kössler?



- More than 80 years of experience in Small Hydro
- Over 550 MW or 2.400 power plants equipped with Kössler turbines worldwide
- Full line supplier of turbine, turn key solutions, after sales service and maintenance works
- Market leader in EU
- Competence Center for Small Hydro Europe within Voith Hydro
- www.koessler.com

Kontakt:

Kössler Gesellschaft m.b.H

Wasserkraftanlagen

Hauptstraße 122-124

3151 St. Georgen

Tel.: +43/2742/885272

e-mail: office@koessler.com



